April 13, 1769. NUMB. 2103.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From the PUBLIC ADVERTISER.

I THANK you for the information you ſo readily gave at the requeſt of the *Manufacturer of London*, relating to the agreement *going forward* in America not to uſe any more of our manufactures. The memorial you publiſhed in your paper of the 13th inſt. from the merchants of Philadelphia, addreſſed to the merchants and manufacturers of Great-Britain, makes the point ſufficiently clear. And as by what I can otherways learn, there is not the ſmalleſt probability of an accommodation while the preſent A-----n M-----r continues in that department, nor the leaſt proſpect of his being removed; but on the contrary, all his raſh ill-judged meaſures are to be approved, confirmed and purſued; and even the firſt projector of the miſchief, Mr. G. G. is to be brought in again to aſſiſt in compleating it, I think 'tis time to ſtate an account, in order to form ſome kind of eſtimate, what we are like to be gainers or loſers by quarrelling with our beſt friends and greateſt cuſtomers. For a quarrel I ſee it will be!-----Depriving them of their privileges for no offence, and ſending ſoldiers to inſult them, ſtrengthens their determination to take no more of our goods, and makes that determination more general: *This* will provoke us to uſe them with more ſeverity; *that* more alienates and exaſperates *them*; till driven to deſpair, an open rupture becomes unavoidable, and the cordial amity, ſo much to the advantage of both, which has hitherto ſubſiſted between the two countries, comes to be converted into the moſt implacable mutual hatred, ſuch as we ſee at this day, between the Spaniards and Portugueſe, the Genoeſe and the Corſicans, which aroſe originally from the *very ſame* miſconduct in the governing countries. By this we are to loſe a greatly growing trade, at preſent worth five millions a year, which our enemies will gain ſooner or later, and ſo to us make the difference double; and we are to turn three millions of friends into ſo many mortal enemies, another double diminution of our comparative ſtrength. And what is all this for? It is that we obtain *by force* much *leſs* than we might have had from them by *voluntary grants*.----And how comes it about? A wrong-headed, ſhort-ſighted Financier, imagined he ſhould make a great figure in opening his budget, and appear to have wonderful abilities, if he could ſhew how a new tax might be raiſed, which none who heard him ſhould either pay or feel. America was then no longer to *give*; but what we wanted was to be *taken* from her by our almighty power. The meaſure was found impracticable, and therefore ſoon dropt. An inconſiderate ſucceſſor, from the ſame motives, renewed the attempt in another ſhape. Juſt or unjuſt, politic or impolitic, conſtitutional or unconſtitutional, are with ſuch ſtateſmen points entirely out of the queſtion. The firſt diſappointed and diſplaced projector harbours inveterate malice to the Americans for murdering his child. He and his ſcribblers are thence continually endeavouring to exaſperate the nation againſt them, and urging every ſtep that may provoke them to ſuch acts as may juſtify the character he gives of them.---We are told indeed ſometimes that the people of America would generally be quiet, if it were not for their factious demagogues, and that the whole miſchief is owing only to two or three reſtleſs ſpirits there, that the conteſt really is between Meſſrs. *Otis*, *Cuſhing* and *Adams*, on the one part, and the whole people of England on the other.

This is merely to countenance the propoſition of ſending for theſe men, in order to hang them, which ſome ſeem to have much at heart; though from the blood of thoſe three, probably would ſpring three hundred more. But in truth, the parties are G. G. L--d H. and the D. of B. on the one ſide, and on the other, all our fellow ſubjects in America. The people of England have no other concern in the diſpute, but that of being immenſe loſers by its being ſtarted and perſiſted in, or infinite gainers by its being dropt. I talked of ſtating an account; for diſtinctneſs ſake, I will ſtate two;---the firſt of what our Stockholders *have loſt already*; the ſecond of what the nation will probably loſe; in doing which, I ſhall not pretend to mathematical preciſion, for the premiſes will ſcarce admit of it, they being partly aſſumed upon probable conjecture. I only put them into the form of accounts, for the ſake of more diſtinctly viewing the ſubject.

Dr. The Right Hon. G. G. *Eſq; and* Co. *in account with the Stockholders of* Great-Britain.

	£
To the loſs of Five per cent. on their Capital Stock of 145 millions, by the fall occaſioned by the late American meaſure, amounting to	7,250,000
Supra . . . . . *Cr.*	
By the Stockholders ſhare of the neat duties received in America, in alleviation of Britiſh taxes - - - - - - - -	3,500
Ballance due from the ſaid G. G. and Co.	7,246,500
	7,250,000

In this I have ſtated the loſs of Five per cent. as ſo much loſs to the Stockholders only; and this already incurred. What their future loſs will be, if the rupture hitherto only apprehended ſhall take place, is impoſſible to eſtimate, as no one can foreſee how low the ſtocks will then fall. If it ſhould be, as probably it may be, Thirty per cent. more, their loſs will exceed FORTY MILLIONS. But it will beſides be accompanied with a proportionate loſs to the nation by the fall of public credit, ſince the ſtate muſt of courſe give ſo much more for money wanted.

Now to form my other account, I will make ſeveral moderate ſuppoſitions. Firſt, I will ſuppoſe no other nation ſhall take advantage of our embroil with America, to fall upon us while we are ſubduing her. Secondly, That a war of ten years, in which twenty-five thouſand of land forces only are to be kept up and employed, with twenty frigates, and five thouſand ſeamen, ſhall be ſufficient to finiſh the buſineſs, by reducing the whole fifteen colonies; though it coſt us five years in the laſt war to reduce but one of them, with the help of all the reſt, and double the number of men. Thirdly, That after they are reduced, they ſhall be in the moſt perfect good-humour with us, retain no reſentment of the injuries we have done them, be as fond of us, and of our faſhions and manufactures, as ever they were, and that it will be therefore quite unneceſſary to keep up an equal, or indeed any army, to continue and ſecure the ſubjection we have reduced them to. The account will then ſtand thus:

Dr. The Hon. G. G. *Eſq; and* Co. *in account with* Great-Britain.

	£
For the tranſport ſervice in carrying over 25,000 men, with the ſtores, &c. at the rate of 10l. per man, including all charges - - -	250,000
The above to be repeated three times more in the ten years, to keep up the number; an army in actual ſervice always requiring a number of recruits equal to the whole in every three years	750,000
For the recruiting ſervice and bounty money of 100,000 men, to be ſpent in this war - -	500,000
For the pay, cloathing and ſubſiſtance of 25,000 men ten years at 20l. per man, including alſo arms, ammunition, &c. - - -	5,000,000
For the ſervice, 5000 men, their pay, ſubſiſtance, wear and tear of ſhips, &c. &c. at 200,000l. per annum - - - -	2,000,000
For the loſs of our trade with thoſe countries during the ten years, at 5,000,000 per annum	50,000,000
For weakening the Britiſh empire by all the damage done its ſubjects, in obſtructing or deſtroying their improvements, buildings, ſhips, trade with foreigners, &c. and throwing all the commerce they uſed to carry on for us into the hands of our rivals or enemies - -	50,000,000
For the blood ſpilt on both ſides, we charge	000
	108,500,000
Supra . . . . . *Cr.*	
By the honour and glory of having made ſlaves of three milions of freemen - - - - -	000

Thus ſtand the accounts; and yet this ſame G. G. the root of all the evil, ſets up for an œconomiſt.

I am, SIR, &c.

Another London Manufacturer.

JOHN WILLIAMS, *Saddler*,

Who formerly lived at the corner of Elbow Lane, in Market-ſtreet, takes this method to inform his cuſtomers, and others,

THAT he has removed into Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the ſign of the Croſs Keys, where Mr. Joſeph Ogden lives, makes in the beſt and moſt faſhionable manner, and ſells at the moſt reaſonable rates, Gentlemens Engliſh hunting full welted and plain hogſkin, buckſkin, and neats leather ſeated ſaddles, demipeaks, Scotch burrs, King's hunting ditto, common hunting ditto, breaſted ditto, race ditto, and pack or carrying ditto, ladies hunting ſide ſaddles, demi hunters, and common ditto, fringed, laced and bound, of various faſhions. All kinds of military furniture, portmanteaus, ſaddle bags, houſings of all ſorts, ſaddle cloths, boot garters, ſurcingles, martingals, and all ſorts of ſaddler's furniture, jockey caps of all ſizes, horſe collars, cart gears, &c. &c.----Such as pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom and orders, may depend on having their work done in the genteeleſt manner, with care and diſpatch.

To be LETT, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A THREE ſtory brick houſe, kitchen, waſh-houſe, and ſtables, and between one and two acres of paſture ground, ſituate a little beyond the meadow, in Second-ſtreet, continued; now in the occupation of John Naglee. Alſo a tan-yard near the ſame place. JOSHUA EMLEN. †

Philadelphia, April 4, 1769.

THE following Officers, who ſerved in the Pennſylvania Regiment, in the Year 1764, viz. Captains Hunter, Kern, Green, Houſſegger, Lems, Hendricks, Brady, W. Piper and Bucher; Lieutenants Stewart, Wiggens, Hays, Nice, Hunſicker, Aſkey and M'Alliſter; Enſigns W. Piper, M'Meen, Morrow, Stiene and Forſter, are deſired to meet at Mr. John Harris's, in Paxton Townſhip, Lancaſter County, on the 15th Day of May next, in order that a Diviſion may be made of the Land granted to them by the Honourable Proprietaries, and are requeſted to be punctual in their Attendance, that the Expences attending the Survey, and other Charges, in proſecuting the Application, may be diſcharged.

TURBUTT FRANCIS, Lieut. Col.
J. P. DE HAAS, Major.
WILLIAM PLUNKETT, } Capts.
JAMES IRVINE, } Capts.
} Commiſſioners. §

TO BE SOLD,

A TWO ſtory houſe, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, a few doors from the corner of Front-ſtreet, formerly a noted beer-houſe, being 18 feet front, and 20 feet deep, with an excellent vault. Alſo a two ſtory brick houſe, ſituate in Front-ſtreet, a few doors from Almond-ſtreet, being 18 feet front, and the lot on which it ſtands, 70 feet deep; both houſes are clear of groundrent. The titles indiſputable. The purchaſer may have credit for part of the purchaſe money until November next, without intereſt, giving ſecurity. For terms, apply to MARY MURDOCH, or SAMUEL MURDOCH. †

THE Members of the Germantown Library, are deſired to meet, on Monday, the Firſt Day of May next, between the Hours of 2 and 6 o' Clock in the Afternoon, in their Library Room, at the Houſe of Chriſtian Lehman, in Germantown, to chooſe their Directors, &c. for the enſuing Year, and to make their 25th annual Payment; and thoſe Members that made Default in the laſt Year's (or any other preceding) Payment to ſaid Library, are further deſired to take hereby this ſpecial Notice, that except they do pay off their Arrears, at this Meeting, their Shares in the ſaid Library will be abſolutely forfeited for ever, agreeable to the ſaid Library Company's Inſtrument of Partnerſhip. *By Order of the Directors,*

CHRISTIAN LEHMAN, Secretary.

TO BE SOLD,

On Wedneſday, the 19th of April inſtant, by VENDUE,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Cheſter County, Weſt Caln townſhip, containing 194 acres, about 100 upland cleared, and about 10 acres meadow, the reſt well timbered, a houſe, barn, ſtables, and orchard, on the ſame; the whole being a warrant right. The vendue to begin at 10 o' clock ſame day, on the premiſes, where due attendance will be given by

§ JAMES WILSON.

IF GEORGE IRVINE, who went from London to the Weſt-Indies, and from thence to North-America, in the year 1756, be yet living, and will apply to Dr. JOHN KEARSLEY, junior, in Philadelphia, or acquaint him by letter where he is, he will hear of ſomething very much to his advantage. Any perſon who is pleaſed to give information concerning him, will be more than thankfully rewarded.

N. B. He was bred a ſhip-carpenter, is a well ſet middle ſized man, and is now about 40 years of age. The 3 M.

Lancaſter, March 24, 1769.

BY virtue of ſeveral writs to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the premiſes, the 26th day of April next, at 12 o'clock, a wooden meſſuage, and two tracts of land, adjoining each other, one containing 135 acres of pattented land; the other containing 133 acres of warranted land, ſituate in Colleraine townſhip; late the property of John Douglaſs, deceaſed, and Timothy Douglaſs; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JAMES WEBB, jun. Sheriff.

Lancaſter, March 24, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the premiſes, the 29th day of April next, at 2 o'clock, a meſſuage, plantation, and tract of land, containing about 200 acres, ſituate in Straſburgh townſhip, well known by the name of the Black Horſe, being a well accuſtomed tavern many years, and perhaps as good a ſtanding for public buſineſs as any in the county, with a good orchard and meadow. At the ſame time is to be ſold ſundry houſhold goods, horſes, cows, &c. all late the property of Thomas Smith; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JAMES WEBB jun. Sheriff.

Lancaſter, March 24, 1769.

BY virtue of ſeveral writs to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 1ſt day of May next, at Manheim town, at 11 o'clock, two ſmall lots, ſituate in ſaid town, and two 2 acre out lots. Alſo to be ſold, on the premiſes, the 2d day of May next, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, a large two ſtory brick meſſuage, with 15 acres of land, ſituate in Millerſburg Manor townſhip, and ſundry goods and chattels, ſuch as beds and bedding, tables, chairs, deſk, drawers, looking glaſſes, kitchen furniture, &c. horſes and cows, one riding chair, geers, &c. Alſo at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the ſaid 2d day of May, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the premiſes, a brick meſſuage, and lot of ground thereto belonging, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Queen-ſtreet, in the borough of Lancaſter, being a well accuſtomed tavern for ſeveral years, and very convenient for that purpoſe, known by the ſign of the Bear, and now in the tenure of John Little. Alſo one half lot of ground, ſituate on the north ſide Orange-ſtreet, with a privilege of a well of water in the ſtreet; all late the property of John Barr; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JAMES WEBB, jun. Sheriff.

MADE and ſold by the SUBSCRIBER, in Darby, ſix miles from Philadelphia, wire work of all ſorts, particularly for flaxſeed and wheat. And as he is the original inventor and inſtitutor of that branch of buſineſs in America (and has not inſtructed any other perſon in the myſtery thereof) apprehends himſelf beſt entitled to the benefits of the ſame, and in all probability is the beſt maſter of the work, having made all the wire boults uſed in the cities of Philadelphia and New-York, and likewiſe a conſiderable number of rolling ſcreens for cleanſing wheat, and has had long experience in the uſe of them; therefore any perſon applying by letter or otherwiſe, may be ſpeedily ſupplied with wire work of any kind, which he will warrant; and by enquiring of Hugh M'Cullough, John Hall, M'Neal and Tolbert, Wills and Jackſon, William and Andrew Caldwell, Conyngham and Neſbitt, Samuel Carſon, and John Brown, of the city of Philadelphia; Peter Cloper, Thompſon and Alexander, of New-York, all in the flaxſeed way; and of Robert Lewis, Samuel Shaw, William Clark, Samuel Morton, Adam Hoops, and John Brown, all in the wheat way, may be informed of his abilities, and ſucceſs therein.

JOHN SELLERS.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 11th day of May next, at 11 o' clock, in the forenoon, in the town of Dover, in Kent county, upon-Delaware, the following tracts of valuable lands, to wit, all that tract of land, ſituate in Duck-Creek Hundred, in the county aforeſaid, containing 150 acres of land, be the ſame more or leſs, being part of a larger tract of land, formerly belonging to William Harroway, now deceaſed; alſo one other tract of land, ſituate in the Hundred and county aforeſaid, called the Golden Grove, containing 209 acres of land, be the ſame more or leſs; alſo one other tract or parcel of land, ſituate in the Hundred and county aforeſaid, called Newberry, lying on the ſouth ſide of the main branch of Duck-Creek, containing 400 acres of land, be the ſame more or leſs; all which ſaid ſeveral tracts are well timbered, and conveniently ſituated on account of public landings. Alſo one other tract of land, ſituate in the Hundred and county aforeſaid, on the north ſide of a branch, called Pairman's Branch, within half a mile of the Croſs-Roads at Duck-Creek (a place of very conſiderable trade) containing 100 acres of land, be the ſame more or leſs. Which ſaid lands were late the property of Patrick Martin, and Mary his wife, of Kent county, deceaſed; the titles are clear, and indiſputable; ſeized and taken in execution by JAMES WELLS, *Sheriff.* §

Baltimore County, Maryland, March 27, 1769.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber has been in the ſheriff's cuſtody four years from April next enſuing, he deſires all perſons that have any claims againſt him in Pennſylvania, to come in and make known their reſpective claims, in order to have them ſettled in ſome manner or other by the 25th day of April next enſuing. The ſubſcriber gives this public notice, that unleſs his creditors come in and agree to ſuch terms as he is able to comply with, that he will petition the next ſeſſion of aſſembly for an act to releaſe their humble ſervant,

§ 4 W. VACHEL WORTHINGTON.

The Inſtructions of the Citizens of Norwich *to* Harbord Harbord, *Eſq; and* Edward Bacon, *Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament.*

GENTLEMEN,

AS it is the undoubted right of all conſtituents to inſtruct their repreſentatives in parliament from time to time, as they ſhall ſee occaſion, *we*, a conſiderable part of your electors, as yet your free and independent electors, take this opportunity to claim and to exerciſe that right, and to tranſmit to you our ſentiments upon ſome points, which we look upon to be of the utmoſt importance at this juncture to the whole kingdom.

We have obſerved, with concern, the inſtability of adminiſtration, and the diſtractions which have prevailed in all public councils for theſe ſeven years paſt, and ſtill prevail, to the diſgrace as well as detriment of the nation: Such a perpetual fluctuation in public affairs, muſt inevitably draw on the ruin of the ſtate, and it is therefore high time that new, permanent and vigorous meaſures, ſhould be adopted and entered into for its preſervation, e'er it be too late. Various are the grievances which call aloud for redreſs, and ſome of them we mean to point out to you; and as we have beheld but too many flagrant inſtances of the venality of the age, and of the corruption of repreſentatives in parliament, by wicked, arbitrary and oppreſſive miniſters, *therefore*, in order to ſtrike at the root of corruption at once, and to revive the drooping ſpirit of public virtue, and love of our country; in order to extinguiſh the falſe hopes, and to curb the undue, unconſtitutional influence of all aſpiring and ambitious favourites, we moſt earneſtly recommend to you, and do moſt ſtrictly enjoin you,

I. To uſe your utmoſt endeavours to promote the paſſing a new and more *comprehenſive Place-bill*, by which all placemen, beyond a limited number, may be rendered incapable to ſit in the Houſe of Commons, for which the neceſſity is but too evident, from the daily increaſe of places and penſions, and the neglect of bringing in which, as ſoon as poſſible, may be fatal to the *conſtitution*, and to the *liberties* of this kingdom.

II. We recommend to you to uſe your utmoſt endeavours, that a law may paſs, in the approaching ſeſſion, for *Reſtoring Triennial Parliaments*, and for limiting the duration of this preſent, and all future parliaments, to *Three Years At Moſt*, as another great ſecurity for the conſtitution, againſt the arbitrary attempts of wicked and deſigning miniſters; frequent elections depriving them of that enormous influence and power they now have to corrupt the repreſentatives of the people, and to ſecure a venal majority of members in the Houſe of Commons, which may prevent, defeat, or put a ſtop to all enquiries into their public conduct; and that a clauſe be added in the above act, requiring that, for the future, the oath of bribery and corruption at all elections be taken by the candidates, and not the electors.

III. We requeſt alſo, and recommend to you to enquire, how it comes to paſs, that the eldeſt ſons of Peers of Scotland, who are declared incapable to repreſent any borough or ſhire in that kingdom, ſhould be permitted to repreſent any borough or ſhire in England: And why, when all the commons of Scotland are, according to the act of *Union*, repreſented by forty-five members in the Britiſh parliament, Scots commoners are permitted to repreſent Engliſh boroughs, and to have additional voices in parliament: And whether the permitting Scots commoners, and eldeſt ſons of Peers of Scotland, to ſit in parliament for Engliſh boroughs, be not inconſiſtent with, and contradictory to the true *ſpirit* of the act of *Union*: We therefore moſt earneſtly recommend to you to propoſe an enquiry into the true ſpirit of the act of Union; and as far as in you lies, by all conſtitutional endeavours, to exclude Scots commoners already elected, exceeding the number of forty-five, and not repreſenting ſhires or boroughs in Scotland, from a ſeat and voice in the Britiſh parliament.

IV. We recommend to you, and ſtrictly enjoin you to enquire, by what authority it was, that a *repreſentative* of the *people* in parliament was ſeized in his own houſe, dragged out of his own houſe, and, in defiance of the Habeas Corpus act, and *Magna Charta*, impriſoned in the *Tower* of London; all his papers, the moſt ſecret of them, rifled and carried away, under an avowed deſign of collecting evidence againſt him for a ſuppoſed libel; thereby obliging a free-born Engliſhman to turn his own accuſer, contrary to the known laws of the land. We alſo deſire and expect, that you will uſe your utmoſt endeavours to find out by whom it was, that a writ of Habeas Corpus, granted by a chief juſtice, was eluded, and its authority diſobeyed, in time of public peace and tranquility; and the act of Habeas Corpus, that greateſt and ſtrongeſt bulwark of Engliſh liberty, broke down, and trampled under foot, the powers of which were never known to be even ſuſpended, but in times of public danger, of ſuſpected conſpiracies, open rebellion, or when a foreign enemy was in arms in the kindom. The ſuſpenſion of the Habeas Corpus act, tho' by authority of parliament, is ever underſtood to be a ſuſpenſion of the liberty of the *ſubject*; and we, therefore, deſire and expect that you will enquire by whoſe advice it was, that private perſons in office, armed with that iron-engine of oppreſſion, and bearing that ignominious badge of ſlavery, a *general warrant*, were employed, or ſet on and encouraged, to dare to do that by themſelves, which King, Lords and Commons, the three eſtates of the realm, can only do together.

V. We moſt earneſtly recommend to you to promote an enquiry into the power of an *attorney-general* to file informations *ex officio*, that deteſtable relique of the ſtar-chamber, and to ſee how far it may agree with the freedom of our conſtitution; that you will uſe your utmoſt endeavours to ſecure the liberties of the people from all arbitrary and unconſtitutional ſtretches of authority; and that you will promote an enquiry into the power of *judges* to alter *records*, before or after judgment, before or after trial, for the ſake of the ſafety of every ſubject, and that they may not be liable to ruin, at the diſcretion of any future time-ſerving and corrupt judge, who, under the golden influence of a court, or the tyrannical influence of a favourite of a court, may, in the proceſs of a few years, over-rule and over-turn all the eſtabliſhed *laws of the land*.

VI. We recommend to you to promote a ſtrict enquiry into the public accounts, and the heavy national debt, incurred by the vaſt profuſion of expence attending the late juſt and neceſſary war; and above all, to examine into the accounts delivered in by contractors and agents for the army and navy, by comptrollers, directors and commiſſaries of the office of comptrol, and the commiſſariate abroad at Bremen in Germany, and by ſecretaries, under-ſecretaries, and clerks of offices at home, by which ſuch amazing fortunes have been ſuddenly, and almoſt inſtantaneouſly acquired by individuals; and, where-ever delinquents are found, to bring all ſuch plunderers of the public to condign and exemplary puniſhment; and that you will promote a bill for the excluſion of contractors * of all ſorts, employed by government, from a ſeat in the Houſe of Commons.

We moſt earneſtly recommend to you to bear in your minds, on this occaſion, and to imprint in your hearts, the laſt moſt excellent words and advice given to a Britiſh parliament by one of our beſt of princes:

"*It is always with regret when I do aſk aids of my people; but you will obſerve, that I deſire nothing which relates to any perſonal expence of mine. I am only preſſing you to do all you can for your own ſafety and honour, at ſo critical and dangerous a time; and am willing that what is given ſhould be wholly appropriated for the purpoſes for which it is intended. And ſince I am ſpeaking on this head, I think it proper to put you in mind, that during the late war, I ordered the accounts to be laid yearly before the parliament, and alſo gave my aſſent to ſeveral bills for taking the public accounts, that my ſubjects might have ſatisfaction how the money given for the war was applied. And I am willing that matter may be put in any further way of examination, that it may appear whether there were any miſ-applications and miſmanagements; or whether the debt that remains upon us, has really ariſen from the ſhortneſs of the ſupplies, or the deficiency of the funds. It is fit I ſhould tell you, that the eyes of all Europe are upon this parliament; all matters are at a ſtand, till your reſolutions are known; and therefore no time ought to be loſt. You have yet an opportunity, by God's bleſſing, to ſecure to you and your poſterity the quiet enjoyment of your* religion and liberties, *if you are not wanting to yourſelves. But I tell you plainly my opinion is, if you do not lay hold on this occaſion, you have no reaſon to hope for another.*"

VII. We alſo recommend to you, to promote a bill for laying a duty of 10s. per hundred weight on ſugar, which, according to the beſt calculation made by a late great chancellor of the exchequer (Mr. Legge) univerſally acknowledged to be the moſt able financier in Europe, will raiſe 500,000l. per annum; and to repeal thereby the additional tax upon beer, ſubſtituted in its room in the year 1763, and which has ever ſince been levied with ſuch peculiar cruelty and oppreſſion upon the laborious poor of this great kingdom; the poor, already diſtreſſed, and almoſt famiſhed by the high and extravagant prices of proviſions and corn; the reduction of which high and extravagant prices, we alſo moſt earneſtly recommend to your conſideration in parliament; and that you will uſe your utmoſt endeavours to give relief to the crying and very alarming neceſſities of the indigent and induſtrious part of the nation, your fellow-ſubjects, and many of them your *conſtituents* and *electors*.

VIII. We recommend to you, and ſtrictly charge you, to enquire, and we expect that you will enquire, by whoſe advice it was, that a ſeparate peace was concluded with France and Spain in 1762, by which a flagrant breach of national faith was committed, being in direct oppoſition to all treaties ſubſiſting between our gallant ally the king of Pruſſia, and his late Majeſty, of glorious memory, renewed and confirmed by his preſent Majeſty after his acceſſion, in a treaty bearing date December 12, 1760, in which is contained the following article:

ARTICLE IV.

"The *high contracting powers* moreover engage, viz. on the "one ſide his *Britannic Majeſty*, as well *king* as *elector*, and on "the other, his *Pruſſian Majeſty*, not to conclude any treaty of "peace, truce or neutrality, or other convention or agreement "whatever, with the powers who have taken part in the preſent "war, but *in concert* and by *mutual agreement*, and by compre-"hending each other by *name*." Signed,

ROBERT HENLEY, C. S. — HOLDERNESSE.
GRANVILLE, P. — HARDWICKE.
HOLLES NEWCASTLE. — WILLIAM PITT.

A treaty of peace was, notwithſtanding, entered into and concluded at Paris, between England, France and Spain, without the conſent and mutual agreement of the king of Pruſſia, in defiance of the above article of a moſt ſolemn treaty and engagement between his preſent Majeſty and the king of Pruſſia, and within leſs than two years from the date thereof; by which the honour and *public faith* of the nation became a ſacrifice to evil counſellors, and corrupt miniſters: and we do, therefore, requeſt of you our repreſentatives, and do hereby call upon you, to uſe your utmoſt endeavours to trace out, detect, and bring to condign puniſhment, all ſuch evil counſellors, and corrupt miniſters, by whoſe advice the *national faith* has been thus ignominiouſly proſtituted, and traiterouſly broke and forfeited.

IX. We do alſo recommend to you, to promote an enquiry, by which the conſtitution itſelf may be examined into, according to its firſt original principles: And whereas the eldeſt ſons of *Peers* were never admitted, but always rejected from a ſeat in the parliament of Scotland, the chief reaſon for which rejection, amongſt others, was, "The enormous and over-bearing influ-"ence and power of a numerous peerage, which ſurrounding the "commons, thereby prevented freedom in elections, ſo that no "commoner holding any part of his lands of a peer, or indeed "being in his neighbourhood, could be reckoned at liberty to "make a free election of his repreſentative." And whereas the peerage of England is exceedingly numerous, and the influence and power of Engliſh peers ſufficiently known and felt, as well elſewhere as in their neighbourhood, and the freedom of elections as notoriouſly invaded, notwithſtanding repeated reſolutions of the Houſe of Commons, declaring, "That it is a *high in-"fringement* of the liberties and privileges of the *Commons* of "*Great-Britain* for any Lord of parliament, or any Lord-lieu-"tenant of any county, to concern themſelves in the elections "of members to ſerve for the Commons in parliament:" and whereas nothing can be more extravagantly abſurd, or more unconſtitutional, than that the ſenſe of the Commons of Great-Britain ſhould be delivered in parliament by peers, and repreſentatives elected by peers, which in effect is the uniting and making but one houſe of both houſes of parliament; therefore, to remedy this dangerous innovation as far, and as ſoon as may be, and before the fatal conſequences to our happy conſtitution, and the acknowledged right and liberties of the people be ſpread too wide, and acquire too much ſtrength, ſo as to bear down all oppoſition before them,

We do require, and do moſt ſtrictly enjoin you to move, at the opening of next ſeſſion of parliament, that a reſolution may be paſſed, "Whereby the eldeſt ſons of peers of England, as "well as thoſe of Scotland, may be declared incapable to ſit in "the Houſe of *Commons* of *Great-Britain*."

X. We recommend to you, and ſtrictly charge you, carefully and impartially to enquire into the conduct of all ſuch returning officers, of whoſe proceedings complaint ſhall at any time be made before the houſe; and to *do juſtice* to the *nation* by bringing all ſuch criminals to condign puniſhment, who ſhall appear to have violated the rights of freeholders and legal voters at elections; thereby invading the birth-right and privilege of the Britiſh ſubject, and daringly inſulting the *conſtitution* and *liberty* of their *country*.

XI. We recommend to you to promote an enquiry into the conduct of the ſeveral adminiſtrations during the laſt ſeven years, and the cauſes of the late frequent changes and diſmiſſions; and above all, to explore, and to endeavour to trace out and detect the ſecret influence of that undermining favourite, by whoſe arbitrary meaſures, and pernicious counſels, this once happy and flouriſhing kingdom has been reduced, from a ſtate of power and triumph, of affluence and unanimity, into its preſent miſerable ſtate of imbecility and diviſion, of diſtreſs and diſtraction.

XII. *Laſtly*, We do moſt ſolemnly charge you to demand out of cuſtody the perſon of *John Wilkes*, Eſq; knight of the ſhire for the county of Middleſex, who, tho' a repreſentative of the people duly elected to ſerve in parliament, was refuſed bail, and committed to priſon on an outlawry, which was afterwards declared, by the very judges who committed him, *to be illegal*; a man who ſo ſteadily defended the rights and privileges of *all the Commons* of *England* when invaded, and who, with ſuch unſhaken intrepidity and perſeverance, oppoſed the arbitrary attempts of miniſters and ſecretaries of ſtate, who preſumed to violate, thro' him, the firſt right of this free nation, the perſonal liberty of the ſubject, in the moſt outrageous and illegal manner; and who ſtill is detained a priſoner in the King's Bench priſon. We therefore do moſt ſolemnly charge you to demand the perſon of the ſaid *John Wilkes*, Eſq; that he may be enabled to take his ſeat amongſt the duly-elected repreſentatives to ſerve in the preſent parliament, leſt the continued confinement of a knight of the ſhire for ſo great and opulent a county as that of Middleſex, now left without any repreſentation at all, be for ever conſidered as a moſt daring inſult upon the rights and privileges of the people, an open contempt of the authority of parliament, and an high and unexampled affront to the *dignity* of the *Britiſh Houſe of Commons*.

In full aſſurance of your faithful diſcharge of the great truſt repoſed in you by us your conſtituents, and of your ſtrict attention in parliament to theſe our inſtructions, tranſmitted to you before the opening of the ſeſſion, and after repeated promiſes made to us on your parts, previous to your election, in all the printed papers, and ſigned with your own names; in full aſſurance of ſuch your public-ſpirited conduct, We remain, with great reſpect, GENTLEMEN,

Your moſt obedient Servants,
The Free and Independent Citizens and Electors of the City and County of Norwich.

Norwich, October 25, 1768.
Being the day of his Majeſty's happy Acceſſion to the Crown of theſe Realms.

* *The nett profits of the tobacco contract alone, are eſtimated in value at* 7000 *l. per annum.*

From the Gentleman's MAGAZINE for January, 1769.

An American PETITION *to the* KING's *Moſt Excellent* MAJESTY.

Moſt Gracious SOVEREIGN,

WE your Majeſty's dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Repreſentatives of the freemen of the government of the counties of New-Caſtle, Kent, and Suſſex, upon Delaware, in general aſſembly met, moſt humbly beg leave to approach the throne, and in our own, and the names of our conſtituents, to teſtify and declare our unfeigned and inviolable attachment, by principle and affection, to your royal perſon and government, and that we glory in being your ſubjects. We acknowledge, with the utmoſt ſincerity of heart, the tender and indulgent regard you have ſhewn to all your people from the beginning of your reign, and that earneſt deſire to make them eaſy, ſafe and happy, under your government, however remote from your royal preſence.

We want words to expreſs the deep ſenſe we have of your great condeſcenſion, goodneſs and juſtice, in moſt graciouſly hearing our complaints againſt the late American Stamp-act, and giving your royal aſſent to the repeal thereof; and cannot omit this occaſion of reiterating our gratitude and moſt humble thanks for the ſame.

We are perfectly ſatisfied that we lie under all poſſible obligations to our parent country; we acknowledge all due ſubordination to the Britiſh parliament; we are convinced that it is our intereſt, as well as duty, to uſe our conſtant endeavours, by every act of gratitude, obedience and loyalty, to endear ourſelves to every branch of that auguſt body, and to preſerve that union and harmony between Great-Britain and theſe Colonies, on which the ſafety, ſtrength, wealth and happineſs, of the whole empire ſo much depends.

But permit us, Royal Sir, as lovers of Britain and our excellent conſtitution, as ſollicitous to enjoy the rights and liberties of freemen and Engliſhmen, and to tranſmit them to our poſterity, as your faithful and loyal ſubjects, to proſtrate ourſelves at your royal feet, and humbly to implore your gracious attention to the following particulars, which ſtrike us, and all the good people we repreſent, with the moſt dreadful apprehenſion and affliction.

With the moſt humiliating ſorrow we have beheld your Majeſty's antient colony of New-York deprived of her legiſlative authority by an act of the late Britiſh parliament: And with equal concern we obſerve, that duties for the ſole and expreſs purpoſe of raiſing a revenue in America, have been lately impoſed, by other acts of the ſame parliament, upon ſeveral articles of commerce imported into theſe Colonies, which we are obliged to purchaſe.

By the operation of theſe acts our aſſemblies will be no longer the repreſentatives of a free people, but deprived of the right of exerciſing their own judgments in conſulting the good and proſperity of their conſtituents: Our money will be taken from us without our conſent, and we ſhall not be allowed the opportunity of ſhewing our willingneſs to contribute towards the ſupport of government, adminiſtration of juſtice, and defence of our country. Theſe meaſures and proceedings appear to us truly alarming; and if continued, or drawn into example, muſt, in our humble opinion, be totally deſtructive of our property, liberty and happineſs.

This ſenſe of our deplorable condition will, we hope, plead with your Majeſty in our behalf, for the freedom we take in dutifully remonſtrating againſt the proceedings of a Britiſh parliament, confeſſedly the wiſeſt and greateſt aſſembly upon earth.

But if our fellow-ſubjects of Great-Britain, who derive no authority from us; who cannot, in our humble opinion, repreſent us, and to whom we will not yield in loyalty and affection to your Majeſty, can, at their will and pleaſure, of right give and grant away our property; if they can enforce an implicit obedience to every order or act of theirs for that purpoſe, and deprive all, or any of the aſſemblies on this continent, of the power of legiſlation, for differing with them in opinion in matters, which intimately affect their rights, intereſts, and every thing that is dear and valuable to Engliſhmen; we cannot imagine a caſe more miſerable; we cannot think that we ſhall have even the ſhadow of liberty left.

We conceive it to be an inherent right in your Majeſty ſubjects, derived to them from God and nature, handed down from their anceſtors, and confirmed by your royal predeceſſors and the conſtitution, in perſon, or by their repreſentatives, to give and grant to their Sovereign thoſe things, which their own labours, and their own cares, have acquired and ſaved; and in ſuch proportions, and at ſuch times, as the national honour and intereſt may require. Your Majeſty's faithful ſubjects of this Government have enjoyed this ineſtimable privilege uninterrupted from its firſt exiſtence till of late.---They have at all times chearfully contributed, to the utmoſt of their abilities, for your Majeſty's ſervice, as often as your royal requiſitions were made known.---And they cannot now, but with the greateſt uneaſineſs and diſtreſs of mind, part with the power of demonſtrating their loyalty and affection to their beloved King.

When it is conſidered, that your Majeſty has a negative upon our laws, and the ſole execution of them; that our Governor is only during your royal pleaſure, and all honours and diſtinctions are derived from the Crown, it is humbly hoped, that the dependence of this colony on the mother country will appear to be ſufficiently ſecured.

We are not inſenſible, that it muſt fill your Majeſty with concern to perceive any uneaſineſs among your ſubjects, and to ſee claims ſet up by one part of your dominions denied by another part. We alſo know the wiſdom, valour, wealth, grandeur, and power of your ſubjects within the realm, may intitle them to your royal favour in preference to the people on this continent; but we are your ſubjects alſo, and we ſubmit our cauſe to your juſtice, prudence, and goodneſs; theſe, we reſt aſſured, will appear in our behalf.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

We moſt humbly aſk pardon for preſuming to give your Majeſty the trouble of this repreſentation, which has proceeded from our love to our country, our care for our poſterity, and the paſſionate concern we have for our darling liberty: Our only hope, next under God, is in your ſacred Majeſty, that, by your great wiſdom and goodneſs, we ſhall be relieved from our preſent diſtreſſing apprehenſions.

We therefore, dread Sir, moſt humbly implore your royal interpoſition in our behalf (and we truſt, as our fellow-ſubjects in Britain are generous, ſenſible, and humane) this our application will meet with a favourable iſſue.

Permit us to repeat the unfeigned profeſſions of our unalterable fidelity and affection to your Majeſty's ſacred perſon and government, our zeal for the continuance of the Proteſtant ſucceſſion in your illuſtrious houſe, and our tender affection for our parent country; and at the ſame time, to expreſs our moſt ſincere and ardent wiſhes, that your Majeſty's reign may be long, happy, and glorious; and that all your pious endeavours, for ſupporting the religious and civil rights of your ſubjects, may be bleſſed with the moſt proſperous ſucceſs.

Signed by Order of the Houſe,

State-Houſe, Oct. 27, 1768. JOHN VINING, *Speaker.*

BOSTON, April 3.

By Captain Gordon, who arrived at Marblehead laſt Thurſday, in 6 Weeks from Liſbon, we learn, that Captain Jenkins, in a Brig belonging to Nantucket, was arrived there from London, which he left the 1ſt of February, for a Load of Salt, and informed that ſeveral other Veſſels belonging to New-England, were alſo ſoon to ſail from thence for the ſame Purpoſe, as there was not a ſingle Article of Freight to be obtained for theſe Parts.

NEW-YORK, *April* 10.

Captain Webley, who arrived here laſt Friday from Madeira, on his Paſſage, ſpoke with a Brig from Cork for the Weſt-Indies, who told him, that an Embargo had been laid on all Veſſels at Cork, about the Middle of February, thought to be with a Deſign to prevent the French getting a Supply of Proviſions from thence; that this Veſſel having been loaded and

cleared, had slipt out privately; and that a Report prevailed in Cork, that vast Preparations were making in England, for fitting out a Fleet.

We are assured, that during the Sitting of the General Assembly of this Province, last Week, a Motion was made for keeping open Doors during the present Session; which was carried in the Affirmative;---and that another Motion was made, for Leave to bring in a Bill for emitting a Paper Currency, to be lett out on Loan, which was agreed to, and a Bill ordered to be brought in accordingly:----And every Well-wisher to this Country, must hope it may pass through, as one of the most probable Means to revive the sinking Trade of the Inhabitants, in these dreary Times.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 13.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated Dec. 28, 1768.

"The Ministers and Measures of this Country are so unstable, that little certain can be said of either; but, in general, the Determination to support the Authority of Parliament over the Colonies, strongly prevails.

"To establish a despotic Power over America, is the unalterable Sentiment of so many Persons of Influence, that, in Truth, we have little to expect from any Changes, since Administration will always be modelled to the Purpose, and a great Majority will be found ready, from their own Principles, to aid in trampling on the Liberties of America.

"It is impossible to deduce this Fondness for supporting a Measure, tending so inevitably to alienate, for ever, the Affections of the People in America from their Sovereign, from any other Cause than the Power of French Money, and of that Infatuation by which the Hearts of Tyrants are ever misguided to their Ruin.

"My Lord C---d-n, I believe, and my Lord C-----m, remain firm in their Opinion against the Right; I am sure my Lord S---b---e is unalterable in that Sentiment.

"Our great Trust must not be in Ministers, but in ourselves; we have the Means of vindicating our Liberties; and if we have not Virtue to exert them, 'tis fit we should be Slaves; I do not mean Arms; tho' in the Cause of Liberty, in the Maintenance of their just Rights, the People have an unquestionable Title to that Appeal, when milder Means have failed.

"We have it in our Power to bring them much more effectually to a Sense of the Impropriety, at least, of their Conduct, by withdrawing from their Country the Materials we furnish for her Use and Trade, and our Consumption of her Manufactures. How this may be effected is obvious; and tho' it should subject us to some Inconveniences and temporary Loss, yet surely an Acquiescence under the Exercise of this assumed and arbitrary Right, would entail upon us infinitely more Misery.

"Mr. Wilkes is, at present, a Thorn in the Side of the Ministry; his Party is strong; he applauds the Exertions of the Americans, in Vindication of their Liberties; and is, I believe, a real Friend to Freedom.

"The grand Object with the present Ministry, is to facilitate the Establishment of Tyranny in the Colonies, by dividing them; and nothing will more effectually frustrate their pernicious Purposes, than an inviolable Union. The whole Force of American Politics is collected in this Line,

"BY UNITING WE STAND, BY DIVIDING WE FALL."

A Sentiment which cannot be too strongly impressed."

Extract of a Letter from London, February 3, 1769.

"*The famous Law-suit between the Douglass and Hamilton Families, is now upon the Carpet before the House of Lords. It is generally supposed, it will be determined in Favour of the former. Young Douglass has spent near* 40,000*l. upon his Counsellors already. The Hamilton Family the same Sum.*"

Extract of a Letter from the same Place, Feb. 4, 1769.

"*We do not see a Probability of your Province (or any other) having the Benefit of Paper Currency, on the Footing it formerly was; that is, a legal Tender.----Therefore, if your Assembly will not use their Interest to issue a further Sum upon the same Footing as the last was (which we apprehend is found to answer all your Purposes) Trade must go on languishing as at present, for the Want of such a Medium, to the great Distress of all Parties, until they will do it.*"

Last Monday a Number of Gentlemen met at Mr. Burns's, in Commemoration of PASCHAL PAOLI*'s Birth-day. These Toasts were given at Dinner; and in the Evening the Bells were set a ringing.* 1. *The* KING. 2. *The* QUEEN, *and* ROYAL FAMILY. 3. PASCHAL PAOLI. 4. *Lord Chatham.* 5. *Lord Camden.* 6. *Lord Shelburne.* 7. *Col. Barre.* 8. *Mr. Burke.* 9. *May Corsican Virtue prevail over French Policy.* 10. *The Friends of America and Corsica in Great-Britain.* 11. *May Great-Britain be always just, and America always free.* 12. *The Spirit of Paoli to every American.* 13. *May Paoli meet with equal Renown, but a happier Fate than the younger Brutus.* 14. *Mr. Boswell.* 15. *The Parliament of Paris.* 16. *May the Spirit of a Wallace animate every Scotsman.* 17. *May the Attempts of France upon Corsica meet with the same Fate as those of Persia upon Greece------repulsed with Shame.* 18. *May every British Minister be convinced, that nothing is lawful but what is just.* 19. *Liberty to Mankind.* 20. *The glorious Sentiment of William III.* 21. *May Fortune encourage, and Honour reward, the brave Supporters of their native Freedom.* 22. *May the glorious Spirit of Corsica animate America to the latest Posterity.* 23. *May Misery, Contempt and Infamy, be the Lot of those who owe their Greatness to their Country's Ruin.* 24. *Liberty and Loyalty.* 25. *May the illustrious House of Brunswic be as auspicious to the Liberties of America, as it has been to those of Great-Britain.* 26. *May Licentiousness never be mistaken for Liberty, nor Servility for Loyalty.* 27. *May the Enemies of Liberty feel every Calamity---- except Slavery.* 28. *Mrs. M'Caulay.* 29. *Mr. Wilkes.* 30. *Serjeant Glynn.* 31. *The County of Middlesex.* 32. *A speedy Expert to all the Enemies of America, without a Drawback.* 33. *The Massachusetts Ninety-two.* 34. *The late Assembly of New-York.* 35. *Ditto of Maryland.* 36. *Ditto of Virginia.* 37. *Ditto of South-Carolina.* 38. *Ditto of Georgia.* 39. *The Town of Boston.* 40. *Unanimity to the Colonies.* 41. *Mr. Dulany.* 42. *Mr. Cushing.* 43. *Mr. Otis.* 44. *Mr. Adams.*

Captain Smith, from Cadiz, on the 23d ult. in Lat. 25: 15, Long. 56: 21, spoke a new Snow, from Lisbon for Virginia, out 32 Days; on the 31st, in Lat. 33, Long. 69, spoke a Schooner, from Ocracock for Antigua, 3 Days out; and on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 34: 40, Long. 73, he spoke a Sloop, from North-Carolina for Jamaica, out 24 Hours, all well in each Vessel, but he did not learn the Masters Names.

Captain Read, from London, on the 4th Instant, in Lat. 37: 28, Long. 71, spoke a Sloop, Captain Jefferies, from New-York for Hispaniola, 5 Days out, all well.

Captain Read left London one Day later than Captain Story, but brings no material Advices.

Captain Rankin, from Cadiz, on the 19th ult. in Long. 65, spoke the Sloop Diana, from this Port for the Grenades, 10 Days out; and in Lat. 33, Long. 70, spoke a Snow, Captain Scott, from Belfast for South-Carolina, 8 Weeks out, all well.

The Ship Madeira Packet, Captain All, of this Port, is arrived at Cadiz from Maryland.

Captain Staymaker, in a Brig from Virginia, is also arrived at Cadiz.

The Members of the SUN FIRE COMPANY, at their last Meeting, unanimously agreed not to purchase LAMB, nor suffer any to be used in their Families, for the present Year.

*** To be sold by D. HALL, The NORTH-BRITON, from Number I. to Number LXXXI.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Prince of Wales, T. Mason, from S. Carolina. Schooner Sally, J. Lavigne, Hispaniola. Ship Crawford, C. Smith, and Snow Minerva, M. Rankin, Cadiz. Sloop Duke of Lancaster, D. Lamb, St. Kitts. Ship Dragon, T. Read, from London.

OUTWARDS. Snow Bachelor, R. Buckley, and Ship Carolina, J. Friend, for Lisbon. Sloop Patience, W. Ward, and Schooner Cape-Fear Packet, R. Scott, North-Carolina. Brig Minerva, T. Berwick, Antigua. Ship Pennsylvania Packet, N. Falconer, London. Schooner George, T. Dent, Maryland. Sloop Polly, S. Wright, South-Carolina. Sloop Patience, J. Tillinghast, R. Island. Schooner Patience, R. Collins, Madeira. Sloop Speedwell, A. Dyer, St. Augustine. Ship Hope, J. Robinson, for Bristol.

CLEARED. Sloop Africa, B. Carman, to St. Kitts. Ship Betsy, S. Hood, Bristol. Brig Ann and Catherine, J. Cooper, Halifax. Sloop Diamond, S. Sweet, and Sloop Dolphin, M. Barlow, Boston. Sloop Olive, J. Bunker, Quebec. Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, and Brig Queen of the May, A. May, Lisbon. Schooner Hannah, D. M'Carthy, St. Michael's. Brig George, G. Thompson, Jamaica. Brig Rachel, J. Cox, to Grenades.

On Saturday next will be published, and sold by D. HALL, *and* W. SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia* (Price Four Shillings)

THE LAWS passed by the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, during their last Session.

Just imported in the Ship Dragon, Captain Read, from London, and now opening by

GEORGE FULLERTON,

At his Store in Chestnut-street, between Front and Second-streets,

A LARGE Assortment of Spring and Summer GOODS, which he will sell for Cash, or the usual Credit, on reasonable Terms.

N. B. He has also a Variety of Cotton and Linen Checks, imported in the last Vessel from Liverpool.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 28th of April, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the house of John Barnhill, a certain three story brick house, and lot of ground, situate on the north-side of Elm-street, between Second and Third streets, containing in breadth 18 feet 10 inches, and in depth 75 feet; bounded westward by ground late of John Pemberton, northward by Israel Pemberton's ground, eastward by John Marle's ground, and southward by Elm-street aforesaid; subject to a groundrent of Four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Six-pence, Pennsylvania currency, per annum; late the estate of John Baker; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 29th of April, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the house of Jeremiah Smith, in Front-street, a certain three story brick messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the north-side of Callowhill-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 16 feet, and in depth 100 feet; bounded by ground of Jonathan Thomas, and Benjamin Mifflin (now in the tenure of Abraham Carpenter) subject to a groundrent of Forty Shillings Sterling per annum; late the estate of John Vanhorn and wife; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 1st day of May, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Edward Bartholomew, in Montgomery township, a certain messuage and plantation, or tract of land, situate in Montgomery township aforesaid, containing about 100 acres, adjoining lands of Joseph Bates, Dennis Rachford, and Hugh Edwards; also some grain in the ground; late the estate of Michael Yoe; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 2d of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Schrack, in Providence, a certain plantation, or tract of land, situate in Providence township aforesaid, containing about 100 acres; bounded by lands of Andrew Miller, Frederick Heasser, and Jacob Schrack, having a two story stone dwelling-house, barn, stables, &c. erected thereon; also some grain in the ground; late the estate of John Gross; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 2d of May, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of John Schrack, in Providence, a certain tract or piece of land, situate in Providence township aforesaid, containing 7 acres and a half, or thereabouts, adjoining lands of John Schrack, John Gross, and others, having a large stone house, barn, stables, and smith's shop, erected thereon. Also a certain other tract or parcel of land, situate in the said township, containing about 50 acres, adjoining lands of Henry Dewald, David Davis, and others, having a log-house, barn and stables, erected thereon; late the estate of Jacob Schrack; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday, the 3d of May, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Abraham Wentz, in Whitpain township, a certain plantation, or tract of land, situate in Whitpain township aforesaid, about 18 miles from Philadelphia, containing about 45 acres, about 12 acres whereof is woodland; there is a well dug on the premises, and a barn begun to be built; the timber for the same is all prepared, and on the spot; bounded by lands of David Knox, and Abraham Philips, and the great road leading from Philadelphia to Reading, and also by the road leading from the Swedes Ford to North Wales; late the estate of John M'Glathery; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

N. B. At the same time will also be sold about 10 acres of winter grain in the ground.

IF any family or families would be willing to settle on the Island of St. John, in the Gulph of St. Lawrence, on lot No. 35, or lot No. 64, by applying to the printers hereof, may hear of advantageous terms.

N. B. The above lots are good soil, and well situated for a fishery. Lot No. 35, hath 800 acres of cleared land on it, and a number of houses, with two saw-mills, and a grist-mill, and is the best intersected with water of any lot upon the Island; the bay of Trecadie, well known to fishermen, belongs to this lot. ‖

Salem, April 13, 1769.

WHEREAS the partnership of BARTRAM and LITHGOW is expired, all persons indebted to said partnership, are requested to pay off their respective ballances immediately. DANIEL LITHGOW carries on the business, as usual, at Salem Bridge, and has just got a neat assortment of goods, suitable for the season, which he will sell on very reasonable terms. He thanks the public for their former favours, and hopes for a continuance thereof.

Philadelphia bottled BEER, and CYDER,

For exportation or home consumption, sold by

ISAAC GRAY,

At his warehouse in Chestnut-street, near Strawberry-Alley;

Where may also be had, in large or small quantities,

OLD Jamaica spirits; bottled claret and red port; Madeira, Mountain and Lisbon wines, in bottles, or otherwise; Geneva; London bottled Porter; Cheshire and Gloucester cheese; double and single refined loaf and lump sugars; green and bohea tea; coffee; chocolate, spices; indigo; flour of mustard; pepper; ginger; corks; glue; cotton; cags of raisins; bar lead, &c.

N. B. Beer bottles bought and sold by the dozen and gross; a scale beam with strong chains and dishes, fit for large draughts, to be sold reasonable. ¶5W.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of ADAM EVEY, late of the City of Philadelphia, Wharff Builder, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment; and those that have any Demands against the said Estate, are requested to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted and settled, by SUSANNA EVEY, Administratrix. §

Philadelphia, April 7, 1769.

NOTICE is hereby given to the MEMBERS of the LIBRARY COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, that they are to meet, pursuant to their Charter, on Monday, the First Day of May next, at the Library, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to choose Directors, and a Treasurer, and to make their Thirty-seventh annual Payment.

Whereas a Union hath taken place, and been compleated, between the Library Company of Philadelphia, and the Union Library Company of this City, the Members of the said Union Library Company are, therefore, requested to take Notice, that their next annual Payment is to be made to Mr. DANIEL WILLIAMS, Treasurer of the Library Company of Philadelphia aforesaid, on or before the First Monday in May next, and not on the Third Monday in the Month, as was formerly usual with them, and that they are to attend at the State-House, to give their Votes for a Board of Directors, &c. agreeable to the foregoing Advertisement.

FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Secretary.

Philadelphia, April 6, 1769.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, in the Northern Liberties, near Philadelphia, the 2d of this instant, two Welch servant men, by trade masons; one of them named THOMAS LLEWELLYN, about 28 years old, and about 5 feet 10 inches high, stoops and labours much in his walk, of a dark complexion, and speaks English very imperfectly; it is supposed he took with him two dowlas, and one white shirt, a pair of light coloured, and a pair of crimson plush breeches, a mixed bearskin jacket, and brown coat, with white buttons. The other named WILLIAM MORGAN, about 25 years old, and about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a ruddy complexion, and speaks English imperfectly; supposed to have taken with him two dowlas, and one white shirt, a pair of old cloth breeches, a drab coloured cloth jacket, with metal buttons, and a blue coat. Besides which, each of them had a blue duffil great coat, with large wrought white metal buttons, and sundry other apparel, which, as they were seen on the road towards Lancaster without, it is thought they have sold them. Whoever apprehends said servants, and secures them in any goal on the continent, and sends intelligence to their master, shall have THREE POUNDS reward for each, and reasonable charges, paid by ABEL JAMES.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Tuesday, the Second of May,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Lower Merion, about 10 miles from the city of Philadelphia, lying on Lancaster road; the said plantation contains about 45 acres, 8 thereof is good meadow, part of it watered, and the rest may be watered by a spring running through the same; it has a good bearing orchard of about 4 acres, and 6 acres of woodland, the rest of the land in good order, and produces as good crops of grain as any thereabouts; it is, and has been, an old accustomed tavern for near 50 years, commonly known by the name of the Prince of Wales; there are on the premises a good stone two story house, 3 rooms on a floor, a large kitchen, two stories high, with several good sheds and stables, an outhouse and barn, a good spring house, besides a pump of excellent water at the kitchen door. Whoever inclines to purchase the above premises, may view the same, and know the conditions of sale, by applying to John Roberts, miller, living near the premises, or of the Subscriber, living in the District of Southwark. FRANCIS HOLTON. ‖

Philadelphia, April 11, 1769.

RUN away, yesterday, from the Subscriber, living in Burlington county, West Jersey, an Irish servant man, named Francis Nevel, but it is likely he may change his name, he is of a light complexion, 5 feet 10 inches high, has short thin straight hair, fresh coloured, with a small mole on one cheek, and a small scar on the other; had on, a brown coat, bound round with worsted, old castor hat, leather breeches, black stockings, and old shoes. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. Whoever secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall receive Four Dollars reward, paid by SOLOMON RIDGWAY. †

WHEREAS I, PETER SHOFE, of Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, gave to ALEXANDER M'NUTT two Bonds; one for Thirty-three Pounds, Six Shillings, and Eight-pence, payable the Eighth of May, 1769; the other also for the same Sum, payable the Eighth of May, 1770, in Consideration for a Tract of Land sold by him to me; but as he hath not fulfilled his Contract, this serves to forbid all Persons from taking Assignments of said Bonds, as I will not pay the Money, until he fulfils his Engagement.

¶ PETER SHOFE.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the Subscriber's meadow on Greenwich island, the 25th of March last, a dark brown HORSE, 11 years old, about 14 hands high, with a star in his forehead, a small snip on his nose, some white on his hind feet, a thick bushy mane and tail, not shod, paces when rode, and is remarkable for shifting his feet, but trots altogether in a carriage, and has some saddle marks on the near side. Whoever takes up the said horse, and secures him, so that the owner may have him again, shall have Fifteen Shillings reward; but if stolen, and will secure both horse and thief, so as he shall be brought to justice, shall receive Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ RICHARD HUMPHREYS.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on Friday, the 7th of this instant April, from the subscriber in Philadelphia, an apprentice lad, named ABRAHAM OUTON STUAGES, by trade a taylor, about 19 years of age, of a dark visage, and black hair, well set, about 5 feet 6 inches high, had on when he went away, a light coloured broadcloth coat turned, with white metal buttons on it, a scarlet vest, one pair of black cloth breeches, worsted stockings, and white shirt, pinchbeck buckles in his shoes, a castor hat, almost new; his other clothes were a short brown coat, with yellow buttons, one short cloth coloured double breasted vest, and fustian breeches, new, three check shirts, half worn, and one pair of worsted stockings. Whoever secures said apprentice in any goal, so as his master may have him again, or brings him back, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ JOHN STILLE.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

WANTED to HIRE,

A GOOD COOK, and a Servant Man or Lad, either white or black, who can wait in a Gentleman's Family, and take Care of a Horse. Such Persons, being well recommended, may hear of a Place, by applying to the Printers. §

WAS left in my Shop, last Week, a Sum of Money; the Owner, by applying to me in Front-street, Philadelphia, near the Drawbridge, describing the Sum, and paying the Charge of this Advertisement, may have it again.

April 3, 1769. † GILBERT DRACON.

GEORGE SCHLOSSER,

In Second-street, between Race and Vine-streets, wants

A LARGE Quantity of Oak Bark; he pays ready Cash and Market Price for it. He has Soal Leather of the best Kind, which he will sell at a reasonable price. §

SAMUEL SANSOM, junior,

Has just imported in the ship UNITY, Captain STORY,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of MERCHANDIZE, which he will sell on reasonable Terms, at his Store in Front-street, three Doors above the City Vendue-House. ¶

Philadelphia, April 5, 1769.

THIS is to give notice, once more, to all thoſe who are indebted to the eſtate of Edward Mains, of Weſt Nottingham, deceaſed, and have given their bonds and notes for the ſame, that I will attend at the ſtore which the ſaid Mains kept, the 8th day of May next, for and during 3 days, and no longer, earneſtly deſiring they will be provided to pay and take up ſaid bonds and notes; any perſon who may, or will, neglect the ſame, I will be under the neceſſity, by deſire of the creditors of ſaid eſtate, to give their accounts into an attorney's hands, without reſpect of perſons. And as to thoſe who have not as yet appeared through obſtinacy, or an intent of fraud, they are deſired to have their accounts ready, and prepared, at the time and place aforeſaid, and pay off their juſt debts, otherwiſe they may depend on being dealt with as the law directs, without further notice. Thoſe who have accounts againſt ſaid Mains's eſtate, are deſired to ſend them in, that they may be adjuſted, as ſoon as poſſible, by

DENNIS DOUGHERTY, Adminiſtrator.

Said Dougherty continues to ſell at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, near the Drawbridge, wine, Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt-India, New-England and Philadelphia rum, Muſcovado and loaf ſugar, indigo, tea, pepper, allſpice, ginger, chocolate, rice, and ſundry other articles, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms. He alſo begs leave of his kind cuſtomers, to accept of his humble thanks for paſt favours, and a continuance of the ſame.

To be SOLD, or LETT, for a Term of Years,

A HOUSE and plantation, containing 40 acres of land, ſituate in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, 20 miles from Philadelphia, bounded on the Old-York road, and the Briſtol road; the houſe is ſuitable for a tavern or ſtore-keeping, there being a ſtore kept there at this time; there is on the premiſes a good ſtone houſe and kitchen, ſtore-houſe, a large ſhed, and other conveniences for carrying on the ſaid buſineſs; a good garden and orchard, and about 7 acres of meadow. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent the ſaid premiſes, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Abington townſhip, Philadelphia county,

THOMAS COOPER, Tavern-keeper.

N. B. Any perſon purchaſing or renting the above premiſes, may have poſſeſſion the firſt day of may next. †

RUN away from Berkſhire Furnace, in Berks county, on the 27th of March laſt, a Negroe man, named Dublin, 26 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, is a remarkable ſtrong chunky fellow, ſpeaks but indifferent Engliſh; had on, and took with him, a leather cap, felt hat, ozenbrigs and check ſhirts, ſpotted under jacket, a blue coarſe ditto, blanket coat, two pair of Germantown made ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and brings him to the works aforeſaid, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable expences, or if ſecured in any goal, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS, paid by

JOHN PATTON.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to carry him off, or harbour him. Tbctf.

WHEREAS I have been informed, that a certain CROMWELL M'WHITEY, lives ſomewhere about Brandywine, who is a Brother of Edward M'Whitey, deceaſed; therefore I, who was the Widow of the ſaid Edward M'Whitey, am very deſirous of ſeeing the ſaid Cromwell, if I knew where to find him; or if he chuſes to enquire for me, living at Eaſt-town, I may there be found by the Name of my ſecond Huſband Conrad Rowan. ELIZABETH ROWAN. ‡

Plumſted, in Bucks County, April 4, 1769.

BY Virtue of an Order from the Honourable the Orphan's Court, for Bucks County, will be expoſed by public Vendue, on Friday, the 26th day of May next, a valuable Tract of unimproved Land, containing 106 Acres, and the uſual Allowance, lining with Durham and Stump Roads, extraordinary well timbered with white and black Oak, it being in a fine healthy pleaſant Part of the Country, and very ſuitable for almoſt any public Buſineſs. Alſo will be ſold, ſame Time, a Negroe Woman, with 3 Children, one of which is ſucking, ſold for no Fault, but ſhe breeds too faſt. The Vendue to begin at 12 of the Clock, ſame Day, where due Attendance, and reaſonable Credit, will be given by JANE HART, Adminiſtratrix. ‖

TO be SOLD, by the Subſcribers, at public vendue, on Thurſday, the 27th day of this inſtant April, on the premiſes, A certain iron forge, to manufacture iron, known by the name of Squire's Point Forge, on Muſkenetcung river, part in the county of Suſſex, and part in the county of Hunterdon, in the province of New Jerſey, conſiſting of three fires, and one hammer; the forge is very well built of ſtone, laid in lime, and in good repair, on a never failing ſtream, which affords plenty of water in the drieſt ſeaſons, with about 1800 acres of land, part of which is very well timbered, lying near the works; there is on the premiſes a very good frame dwelling houſe, with 4 rooms and an entry on a floor, a cellar, kitchen, ſtore, and other convenient cellars below, alſo a good paled garden, griſt-mill, and ſaw-mill, on the other end of the dam, on which the forge ſtands, in good repair, and plenty of country cuſtom, two large coal houſes, and other out houſes, for workmen, &c. The whole is very well ſituated for carrying on the iron manufactory, being very convenient to ſeveral furnaces, about 7 miles from Union, 7 from Oxford, 20 from Andover, and 20 from Durham Furnaces, and about 12 miles from Delaware river, about 40 miles to Trenton, and much the ſame diſtance to New-Brunſwick, and in a plentiful part of the country. Any perſons inclining to purchaſe, are deſired to attend on the day of ſale; as the above premiſes will certainly be ſold, it is expected one third of the purchaſe money will be paid down, the remainder on payments, with paying of intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required. MARTIN RYERSON,
§ THOMAS READING.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY likely NEGROE WENCH, about 40 years of age (for no fault, only does not chuſe to live out of town) ſhe is a good cook, an excellent waſher, can iron plain clothes, ſpin, and underſtands all ſorts of houſe-work well; ſhe has had the ſmall-pox and meaſles, and is duty free. For further information, enquire of the printers hereof.

Williſtown, Cheſter county, April 6, 1769.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, from the Subſcriber, on the 5th of this inſtant, at night, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Edmund Denney, by trade a weaver, a well ſet fellow, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, of a pale complexion, a large buſhy head of hair, and had a bruiſe on his left cheek: Had on, when he went away, a new cloth jacket, of a lightiſh colour, with metal buttons, a check ſhirt, carved ſhag piuſh breeches, a pair of grey yarn ſtockings, half worn, old ſhoes, tied with leather ſtrings, a beaver hat, half worn, and a ſilk handkerchief. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

§ GEORGE MEDLEY.

MIFFLIN and DEAN,

HAVE imported from London, a large ASSORTMENT of SPRING-GOODS, which are now opening, at their Store, the Corner of Front and Cheſtnut-ſtreets. Tbctf.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from England, and to be ſold remarkably cheap, for caſh only, by

ALEXANDER BARTRAM,

Next door to the ſign of the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon. Likewiſe a large aſſortment of CHINA, amongſt which are a compleat table ſett, and ſeveral tea-table ſetts, table plates, tea pots, cream pots, ſugar diſhes, large and ſmall cups and ſaucers, cuſtard cups, muſtard pots, bowls, from a gallon down to a half pint, and ſauce boats; alſo a variety of plain and enamelled tortoiſeſhell, pine-apple, black and cream-coloured ſtone ware, and ſeveral ſorts of glaſs ware, by the crate, or ſmaller quantity. Likewiſe a large quantity of chimney tiles.

ABRAHAM USHER,

Has moved to the ſtore, which Meſſieurs JOHN and LAMBERT CADWALLADER lately left, in Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet, and is now opening,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, imported per the Captains Story and Falconer, from London, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for CASH or ſhort CREDIT.

Germantown, March 1, 1769.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE, on Monday, the 8th day of May next, on the premiſes,

ONE of the pleaſanteſt ſituated tracts or lots of land, of 125 feet front, on the main ſtreet, in the middle of Germantown, containing between two and three acres of land, with a large two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, of 40 feet long, a large ſtone kitchen, a good pump, a curious, well improved, large garden, a thriving orchard, of a great variety of apple, pear, plumb, apricot, Engliſh walnut, and other curious fruit trees, with many other valuable improvements, and conveniencies, on the ſame. The whole is very well adapted for a country ſeat, or a tavern (or a ſhop, as is there now kept) or any other public buſineſs. Sundry other lots, fit for graſs land (now in corn) &c. will be ſold the ſame day. The purchaſer may (on giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt) have ſeveral years time to pay the greateſt part of the purchaſe money, if deſired. This early notice of ſaid ſale is given, on purpoſe that any perſon, living at a diſtance, willing to ſuit himſelf with a place, ſo well adapted to carry on any buſineſs to advantage, may alſo have timely notice. The ſaid ſale is to begin at two o' clock in the afternoon on the ſaid day. Further information may be had, on ſaid place, of the owner, CHRISTIAN LEHMAN.

N. B. Said Chriſtian Lehman hath alſo a great variety of curious fruit trees for ſale, ſuch as Engliſh Walnut, pear, plumb, nectarines, apricot, &c. &c. &c. ‖ 6 W.

Kent County, Maryland, February 24, 1769.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, about the 12th of this inſtant, a convict ſervant man, named *Michael Kern* or *Hern*, a Taylor by trade, about 5 feet 7 inches high, ſlim made, thin viſaged, dark complexion, black hair, a German born, and is ſo much like a French Neutral, that he may very well paſs for one; had on, when he went away, a dark coloured jacket, or half coat, of beaver coating, much worn, a double breaſted jacket, of white cotton, green half thick breeches, a neat pair of pumps, good ſtockings, and ſeveral good ſhirts; he is an artful cunning fellow, can write, and has money; he may change his name and dreſs, likewiſe forge a paſs. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, if taken within the county, ſhall receive Eight Dollars reward, if out of the province, and brought home, Twenty Dollars reward, and if taken out of the county, and ſecured in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Ten Dollars reward, provided immediate notice be given, paid by

¶ RICHARD GRESHAM.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on the 31ſt of January laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at Peach Bottom Ferry, on Saſquehanna, Cecil County, Maryland, an Iriſh convict ſervant man, named Patrick Horan, alias M'Guire, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, well ſet, has ſhort black hair, inclining to curl, and of a ruddy complexion: Had on, when he went away, a brown forreſt cloth coat, ill made, without lining, a brown jacket, much worn, ſtriped ditto, with the ſtripes acroſs, and an old kerſey ditto, with ſleeves, ozenbrigs ſhirt, buckſkin breeches, much too long for him, old light blue ſtockings, and ſheeps grey, footed with white, and appears above his ſhoes, which are good, and a coarſe half worn wool hat. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by WILLIAM CARSON, at the ſign of the Harp and Crown, in Philadelphia, GEORGE EWING. ¶

February 7, 1769.

TWENTY-ONE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcribers, in Baltimore county, near Baltimore-Town, Maryland, the three following convict ſervants, viz. William Smith, an Engliſhman, about 30 years of age, 6 feet high, a freſh coloured, well looking fellow, of a brown complexion, ſhort black hair, and black eyes, broad ſhouldered, with ſlim legs, big hands and arms; had on, and took with him, a grey fearnought jacket, a white cotton under ditto, an old cloth coloured great coat, old black buckſkin breeches, old felt hat, two ozenbrigs ſhirts, one Pair white yarn ſtockings, one pair grey ribbed worſted ditto, one pair plain ditto, and country made ſhoes, nailed, with iron on the heels. Robert Williams, an Engliſhman, between 40 and 50 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, thin viſage, grey eyes, ſmall flat noſe, a large ſcar under his left ear; had on, and took with him, an old felt hat, old brown wig, old worſted cap, two halfworn coats, one of a dirty ſnuff colour, the other dark grey, faced with red ſhaloon, new white kerſey under jacket, with ſleeves, one blue ditto, a pair of half worn buckſkin breeches, one pair of black and white yarn ſtockings, a pair of ribbed ditto, and a pair of country made ſhoes, nailed. Richard Mulanic, an Iriſhman, about 40 or 50 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, thin viſage, pitted with the ſmall-pox, high noſe; had on, an iron collar, old caſtor hat, two wigs, one yellow, the other white, old blue coat, the ſleeves patched with cloth of a yellow colour, old cloth coloured waiſtcoat, old black leather breeches, much worn, two pair of ribbed ſtockings, country made ſhoes, nailed, with iron on the heels. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervants, or either of them, in any goal, ſo that their maſters may get them again, ſhall have, if 10 miles from home, Forty Shillings reward, and if 20 miles, Five Pounds, and if out of the province, Seven Pounds for each of them, including what the law allows, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

JOSHUA OWINGS, and JOHN COCKEY OWINGS. ‡

To be LETT, and may be entered on about the middle of this inſtant April,

A SMALL PLANTATION, ſituate in Radnor townſhip, Cheſter county, and on the great road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter, and about 16 miles from the former. The ſaid place is now under licence for a tavern, and there are extraordinary good buildings erected for the ſaid uſe. Any perſon inclining to rent the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living near the premiſes. SAMUEL PUGH. ¶

Juſt imported in the Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London, and to be ſold, on the cheapeſt terms, by

DANIEL and JOHN BENEZET,
And THOMAS BARTOW,

At their ſtore, the corner of Arch and Second ſtreets,

A COMPLEAT and large Aſſortment of Spring and Summer GOODS; among which are the following articles, viz. *A great choice of calicoes and chintzes, India and ell wide perſians, China taffeties, luteſtrings, paduaſoys, damaſks, changeable and plain mantuas, ſattins, pelongs, Engliſh perſians and ſarſnets, hair grazets, ſilk, ſecterſoy, cotton and lungee romals, bordered and ſpotted bandannoes, ſilk mitts, plain, figured, and ſtriped ribbons, long, piſtol and Swiſs lawns, rattinets, cotton and wool cards, nankeens, bumbums, cambricks and lawns; with a very great variety of other articles.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 14th of April inſt. at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain meſſuage, tenement and tract of land, ſituate in the Falls townſhip, Bucks county, containing 300 acres, with the appurtenances; bounded by lands of Thomas Harvey, Joſeph Milnor, and others; late the property of Langborn Biles, deceaſed; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. ‡

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 16th of April inſt. at the dwelling-houſe of Thomas Shewel, Inn-keeper, in Plumſted townſhip, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, tenement and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, containing about 122 acres, with the appurtenances, bounded by lands of Thomas Shewel, Charles Steward, and others; late the property of Henry Hagerman; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

§ JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 18th day of April inſt. on the premiſes, at 12 o' clock, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract, or parcel of land, containing 200 acres, ſituate in Mill-creek Hundred, New-Caſtle county; bounded by lands of Robert Johnſton, Robert Kirkwood, and others; late the eſtate of William M'Dowell, ſeized and taken in execution by JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff. §

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Wedneſday, the 19th day of April inſt. at 2 o' clock, at the houſe of William Marſhall, in the borough of Wilmington, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north-ſide of Water-ſtreet, in the ſaid borough; and a lot or piece of improved marſh, containing about 5 acres, ſituate near the ſaid borough, on the north-ſide of Chriſtiana-creek, and bounded by ſaid creek, and marſh of John Thomlinſon, and others. Alſo a ſmall plantation, and tract or parcel of land, with the appurtenances, near the ſame place, in which an eſtate for life only, is to be ſold; all taken in execution as the eſtate late of Benjamin Enochs, and to be ſold by

‡ JOHN THOMPSON Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at 2 o' clock, on Saturday, the 22d day of April inſt. on the premiſes, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and tract or piece of land, containing about 19 acres, part of which is marſh or meadow ground, ſituate near Reeden-Iſland, in St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle county; bounded by lands of Cornelius Carty, Samuel Smith, and Archibald Fowler; late the eſtate of John Gooding deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by JOHN THOMPSON, Sheriff. †

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Satuday, the 15th of April, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain lot of ground, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, on the eaſt ſide of Water-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras-ſtreets, containing in breadth 50 feet, and extending into the river Delaware, bounded ſouthward by a lot of Andrew Hodge, northward by Joſeph Warner's ground, and weſtward by Water-ſtreet aforeſaid; the ſaid lot having a 3 ſtory brick meſſuage, 20 feet front, and 40 feet deep; a wooden ſtore 19 feet by 28 feet, a ſtable and chaiſe-houſe; and a wharff 25 feet in breadth, and extending 112 feet into the river Delaware, erected thereon; part of the eſtate late of Samuel Hazell, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

N. B. The purchaſer may have credit for one half the purchaſe money, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt for the ſame.

Reading, Berks county, March 23, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, on Tueſday, the 18th day of April next, at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of Valentine Keely, in Douglaſs townſhip, Berks county aforeſaid, will be ſold by public vendue, A tract of about 60 acres of unimproved LAND, adjoining lands of Thomas Rutter, Caſper Richards, and George Chreſch; alſo one equal undivided third part, the whole into three equal parts to be divided, of 500 acres of land, unimproved, adjoining ſaid Thomas Rutter, and Valentine Keely's lands; the above tracts ſituate in Colebrookdale and Douglas townſhips, in the county aforeſaid; late the eſtate of Thomas Potts, ſenior, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by

¶ JACOB SHOEMAKER, Sheriff.

Lancaſter County, March 17, 1769.

WHEREAS an Attachment ſome Time ſince iſſued out of the County Court of Common-Pleas for the County of Lancaſter, againſt JOHN LONG, late of the ſaid County, Store-keeper; whereupon the Subſcribers were duly appointed by the ſaid Court, Auditors to ſettle and adjuſt the Affairs of ſaid Long: This, therefore, is to give Notice to all Perſons who are indebted to the ſaid Long, to meet us, the ſaid Auditors, at the Houſe of the ſaid Long, in Drummore Townſhip, in the ſaid County, on the Monday, Tueſday, Wedneſday, or Thurſday being the 17th, 18th, 19th, and 20th Days of April next; at which Times and Place, as alſo on every Saturday in the ſaid Month of April, due Attendance will be given by the ſaid Auditors. And all thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid Long, and do not then and there attend and ſettle their Accounts, and pay their reſpective Ballances, may be aſſured that their Accounts, Notes, &c. will be immediately put in Suit, without further Notice. ISAAC SANDERS, GEORGE M'CULLOCH, THOMAS PORTER. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on Monday, the Firſt Day of May next, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at 6 o' Clock in the Evening,

A CERTAIN Brick two Story Houſe, and Lot of Ground ſituate on the Weſt Side of Fifth-ſtreet from Delaware River, and between Mulberry and Saſſafras Streets, in Philadelphia, containing in Breadth, on Fifth-ſtreet, 56 Feet, and in Length or Depth, on Saſſafras or Race-ſtreet, 80 Feet; bounded Eaſtward with Fifth-ſtreet, Northward with Race-ſtreet, Weſtward with a 10 Foot Alley, to be left open for ever, and Southward with Ground of Caleb and Joſhua Creſſon; ſubject to the yearly Groundrent of 40 Spaniſh milled Dollars, or Pieces of Eight late the Eſtate of Jacob Kaiſor, of this City, Taylor. For further Particulars, enquire of

WILLING and TOD, Aſſignees.

FOR LONDON,

The SHIP
PENNSYLVANIA PACKET,
Nathaniel Falconer,
COMMANDER;

Will depart with all convenient Expedition, having more than half her Cargo ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, SAMUEL PLEASANTS, or ſaid Maſter on board.